July 19, 2017

Oppose S. 1310, "The Home Mortgage Disclosure Adjustment Act"

Dear Senator,

The undersigned civil rights, fair housing, consumer, community organizations strongly urge you to oppose S. 1310, "the Home Mortgage Disclosure Adjustment Act". This bill would undermine efforts to ensure that the nation's mortgage lenders are serving all segments of the market fairly by exempting the vast majority of lenders from the updated reporting required by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Dodd-Frank). Public officials use this information in distributing public-sector investments so as to attract private investment to areas where it is needed, and to identify possible discriminatory lending patterns.

The Dodd-Frank Act's Updated HMDA Reporting Reflects Lessons from the Financial Crisis

In response to widespread concerns about predatory lending and opacity in the mortgage market in the run-up to and following the financial crisis¹, Congress amended the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (HMDA) to require both banks and non-bank lenders to disclose more information about their mortgage lending activities – updates finalized by the CFPB in 2015. Although not previously reported and disclosed through HMDA, these data points *are already* collected on a routine basis by banks, credit unions and for-profit mortgage companies in the normal course of business, either as a part of basic loan underwriting, for securitization or for other purposes required by law².

The CFPB Reduces the Reporting Burden on Small Lenders Without Sacrificing Data About Lending in Underserved Communities

After considering a number of higher reporting thresholds, the CFPB adopted a standard that applies the new reporting requirements to institutions that make 25 closed-end mortgage loans or 100 open-end lines of credit in each of the preceding two years. In adopting this threshold, the agency balanced several Congressional interests – adopting a uniform and simplified reporting regime for banks and non-banks; eliminating the need for low-volume banks to report while maintaining sufficient data for analysis at the national, local, and institutional levels; and increasing visibility into the home mortgage lending practices of non-banks.

S. 1310 upsets that careful balance: its proposed 500-loan reporting thresholds are estimated to exempt the vast majority of the nation's mortgage lenders from the new requirements. Based on 2013 data, under the threshold set by the CFPB, 22 percent (1,400) of the depository institutions that currently report on their closed-end mortgages would be exempt. In contrast, if S. 1310 were

¹See GAO, Fair Lending: Data Limitations and the Fragmented U.S. Financial Regulatory Structure Challenge Federal Oversight and Enforcement Efforts, GAO-09-704 (Washington, D.C.: July 15, 2009); and Consumer Protection: Federal and State Agencies Face Challenges in Combating Predatory Lending, GAO-04-280 (Washington, D.C.: Jan. 30, 2004). See also Adam J. Levitin, #2 (Georgetown Law Center: 2009).

² See Adam Levitin, Credit Slips Blog, "*New HMDA Regs Require Banks to Collect Lots of Data....That They Already Have*". The data points the CFPB is requiring as a part of the final rule are basic information needed for loan underwriting, and in addition many are required for closing documents, included on the Uniform Residential Loan Application, required for Desktop Underwriter (Fannie Mae), Loan Prospector (Freddie Mac), or in order to obtain FHA insurance.

enacted, it is estimated that 85 percent (5,400) of depositories and 48 percent of nondepositories (497) would not have to update reporting on their mortgages. This higher threshold would sacrifice key data about lending in underserved communities that would help to ensure the flow of credit to qualified borrowers, stimulate the economy, and prevent future mortgage crises.³

Tiered Reporting Sacrifices Critical Data Without Reducing Lender Burden

S. 1310 proposes to adopt a tiered reporting approach, exempting some lenders from reporting the new data points pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Act only. This is purportedly a way to reduce burden. However, because the data points covered by the rule are already collected by lenders, the burden associated with the rule is minimal. Further, as with any data collection effort, the primary driver of HMDA costs is in establishing and maintaining systems to collect and report data, and *not the costs associated with collecting and reporting a particular data field.*⁴ Therefore, this approach sacrifices critical information without relieving much of the purported HMDA reporting burden on banks or non-banks.

S. 1310 Would Undermine Fair Access to Mortgage Credit

HMDA was passed in 1975 to provide the necessary tools to dismantle uneven access to mortgage credit and expand equal lending opportunities for qualified borrowers, yet important segments of the market continue to lack fair access. For people of color, low- to moderate-income families, and borrowers in rural areas, access to mortgage credit remains tight⁵. While the numbers of loan originations have gone down for all borrowers, African Americans and Latinos have experienced the steepest declines.⁶ A Federal Reserve analysis of lending in rural areas has found higher denial rates in those communities since the housing crisis than in urban areas.⁷ The new data would help explain and inform responses to these lending gaps. A new HMDA data point on the applicant's age is also vital information for evaluating age bias in lending, especially in conjunction with reverse mortgages.

⁵ Center for Responsible Lending, *The Nation's Housing Finance System Remains Closed To African–American, Hispanic, And Low–Income Consumers Despite Stronger National Economic Recovery In 2015* (September 2016).

³ Based on 2013 data, the CFPB estimates that updated reporting would be lost for 10 percent of loan records under a 500 closed-end loan volume threshold, and over 5,300 census tracts would lose 20 percent of the updated data about mortgage lending in their communities. The National Community Reinvestment Coalition (NCRC) estimated the loss of post-crisis data about loan originations by state and found states with large rural areas face some of the largest losses of updated data about mortgage originations. Additional data would be lost about loan applications and why denials are occurring. This map tool estimates the local impact on loan originations data: http://maps.ncrc.org/s1310/index.html. S. 1310 would mean that communities would also know less about loan applications and denials

⁴ CFPB, HMDA Final Rule, Federal Register, Vol. 80, No. 208, p. 66282.

⁶ Urban Institute has published a number of studies on homeownership. For example, see: *Are gains in black homeownership history*? (February 14, 2017); *Increasing access to mortgages for minorities* (December 1, 2016);

⁷ Todd M. Richards and Michael Williams, The Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis, *A new lending gap? An analysis shows that since the housing crash, Ninth District mortgage denial rates are higher in rural areas than in urban areas.* (April 28, 2017).

The stark disparities in access to mortgage credit and the continued struggle for economic recovery in the communities hit hardest by the financial crisis call for a strengthening of our nation's fair lending laws, specifically HMDA, not a weakening of them. Quite simply, the updated HMDA data will provide critical information about whether similarly situated borrowers and underserved communities are receiving equitable access to mortgage credit, data that we lacked a decade ago when the crisis hit. This is not the time to limit the nation's ability to adequately assess the reasons for restricted credit access for underserved borrowers. Instead, we must increase efforts to address the causes behind the increased difficulty in accessing safe, affordable credit. We urge you to oppose S. 1310 and any other efforts to roll back the data collection and reporting as called for in Dodd-Frank and implemented by the CFPB. Should you have any questions or comments, please feel free to contact Gerron Levi at the National Community Reinvestment Coalition (NCRC) at (202) 464-2708 or Jorge Andres Soto at the National Fair Housing Alliance (NFHA) at (202) 898-1661 or jsoto@nationalfairhousing.org.

Sincerely,

National Organizations

Center for Responsible Lending Consumer Action Consumer Federation of America Equal Rights Center Grounded Solutions Network Housing Choice Partners Morningstar Urban Development, Incorporated National Community Reinvestment Coalition National Fair Housing Alliance National Housing Law Project National Organization of African Americans in Housing National Urban League Public Counsel Rural Community Assistance Corporation Take Charge America

AL

Alabama Associations of Community Development Corporations BENS Connects CDC Birmingham Business Resource Center Building Alabama Reinvestment Central Alabama Fair Housing Center Community Action Association of Alabama Fair Housing Center of Northern Alabama Hispanic Interest Coalition of Alabama MLK Avenue Redevelopment Corporation Neighborhood Concepts, Incorporated Norwood Resource Center Pathways PHI Titusville Development Corporation

AZ

Campesinos Sin Fronteras Southwest Fair Housing Council

CA

California Community Economic Development Association California Reinvestment Coalition Eden Council for Hope and Opportunity Fair Housing Advocates of Northern California Fair Housing Council of the San Fernando Valley Fresno CDFI Housing and Economic Rights Advocates Housing Equality Law Project (HELP) Housing Rights Center Little Tokyo Service Center Mutual Housing California Neighborhood Partnership Housing Services Inc. Oakland Community Land Trust Peoples' Self-Help Housing Project Sentinel Inc. **Rural Community Assistance Corporation** San Francisco Community Land Trust The Greenlining Institute

СО

Community Resources & Housing Development Corporation Denver Metro Fair Housing Center Habitat for Humanity of Metro Denver Servicios de la Raza

CT Connecticut Fair Housing Center

DC

NAACP, DC Chapter

DE

Central Baptist Community Development Corporation Delaware Community Reinvestment Action Council, Incorporated Edgemoor Revitalization Cooperative, Incorporated Richard Allen Coalition

FL

Affordable Homeownership Foundation DebtHelper.com Fair Housing Center of the Greater Palm Beaches Hope for Housing, Incorporated Housing Opportunities Project for Excellence, Incorporated Trinity Empowerment Consortium

GA

D&E Metro Fair Housing Services, Incorporated National Housing Counseling Agency Savannah-Chatham County Fair Housing Council

HI

Hawai'i Alliance for Community-Based Economic Development

IA

Scott County Housing Council

IL

Bernard Kleina Photography Center for Changing Lives Chicago Area Fair Housing Alliance Chicago Community Loan Fund Global Network CDC HOPE Fair Housing Center Housing Action Illinois Oak Park Regional Housing Center South Suburban Housing Center The Resurrection Project U2Cando Universal Housing Solutions CDC Woodstock Institute

IN

Catholic Charities, Diocese of Gary City of East Chicago Department of Redevelopment Community Investment Fund of Indiana Northwest Indiana Reinvestment Alliance

LA

Cenla Community Action Committee, Incorporated Greater New Orleans Fair Housing Action Center

MA

Alliance Of Cambridge Tenants ESAC Massachusetts Affordable Housing Alliance Massachusetts Fair Housing Center

MD

Baltimore Neighborhoods, Incorporated Housing Options & Planning Enterprises, Incorporated

MI

eHome America Fair Housing Center of Metropolitan Detroit Fair Housing Center of Southwest Michigan Fair Housing Center of West Michigan Financial Justice Coalition of Southeast Michigan Michigan Community Reinvestment Coalition

MN

Asian Economic Development Association Jewish Community Action

MO

BIG

Greater Kansas City Housing Information Center Metropolitan St. Louis Equal Housing and Opportunity Council National Association of Real Estate Brokers, Kansas City Missouri R.A.A. - Ready, Aim, Advocate

MS

CFORM/Covenant Community Development Corporation

NC

Center for Responsible Lending Durham Regional Financial Center

ND

North Dakota Economic Security and Prosperity Alliance

NJ

Fair Housing Council of Northern New Jersey New Jersey Citizen Action New Jersey Community Capital

NM

Southwest Neighborhood Housing Services

NY

Association for Neighborhood and Housing Development Center for NYC Neighborhoods CNY Fair Housing Cypress Hills Local Development Corporation Empire Justice Center Fair Finance Watch Long Island Housing Services, Incorporated New Economy Project PathStone Enterprise Center Western New York Law Center

ОН

Another Chance of Ohio Business Research Group, University of Dayton Central Ohio Fair Housing Association, Incorporated City of Dayton Human Relations Council City of Dayton, Ohio City of South Euclid Dayton Community Reinvestment Coalition East End Community Services Empowering and Strengthening Ohio's People Fair Housing Advocates Association Fair Housing Resource Center, Incorporated Greater Dayton Minority Business Assistance Center Home Repair Resource Center HomeOwnership Center of Greater Dayton Homes on the Hill, CDC Miami Valley Fair Housing Center, Incorporated Northeast Ohio Alliance for Hope (NOAH) The Housing Center Toledo Fair Housing Center Wesley Community Center Dayton Working In Neighborhoods YWCA Dayton

OR

CASA of Oregon Radix Consulting Group LLC

PA

Housing Equality Center of Pennsylvania Integra Home Counseling, Incorporated Pittsburgh Community Reinvestment Group

TN Tennessee Fair Housing Council

ТΧ

Divine Direction Incorporated Consulting Greater Houston Fair Housing Center Harlingen CDC North Texas Fair Housing Center

VA

Housing Opportunities Made Equal of Virginia, Incorporated

WA

Northwest Fair Housing Alliance Office of Rural and Farmworker Housing

WI

Community First, Incorporated Housing Resources, Incorporated Legal Aid Society of Milwaukee Metropolitan Milwaukee Fair Housing NAACP Milwaukee Branch Thomas Building Consulting Corporation United Community Center Urban Economic Development Association of Wisconsin, Incorporated YWCA Southeast Wisconsin